



## Creating Let's Encrypt SSL Certificates on openSUSE Leap 15.5 for OpenMeetings 7.1.0

These SSL certificates are for can run OpenMeetings 7.1.0 as "https".

If you didn't have it installed OpenMeetings 7.1.0, can directly download the installation tutorial from here:

[Download Installation OpenMeetings 7.1.0 on openSUSE Leap 15.5](#)

I thank Maxim Solodovnik and Carlos Heras, without whose collaboration in the trials practices could not have confirmed the proper functioning and thus be able to publish the present tutorial.

I also thank all those who have contributed such as Marcus Schulz and Daniel Baker. Thanks to all them.

Starting...

1)

----- **Creating SSL Let's Encrypt certificates** -----

We'll install certbot to make the certificates. Before we must add the repo of snapper:

(Only one line, with space between both)

```
zypper addrepo --refresh  
https://download.opensuse.org/repositories/system:/snappy/openSUSE\_Leap\_15.5 snappy
```

Now we'll copy one to one the following commands:

<code>sudo zypper install snapd</code>	...to install snapd snapd
<code>sudo zypper --gpg-auto-import-keys refresh</code>	...to import GPG keys
<code>sudo systemctl enable snapd.service</code>	...to enable snapd after reboot
<code>sudo systemctl start snapd.service</code>	...run snapd
<code>systemctl enable snapd.apparmor.service</code>	...for Tumbleweed specially
<code>systemctl start snapd.apparmor.service</code>	...for Tumbleweed specially
<code>snap install core ; snap refresh core</code>	...to install core with snap
<code>snap install --classic certbot</code>	...installation of certbot
<code>ln -s /snap/bin/certbot /usr/bin/</code>	...link to /usr/bin

With this we have certbot installed.

**It is important** that your pc-server does not have port 80 in use with some web server or some other. If so, stop it and continue with this step. When the certificates are completed, you can throw it again. This port must be open in the router and the firewall.

Let's Encrypt validate "SSL Certificate Authority (CA)" of your domain.

We'll run it with the `--standalone` parameter, so you can add each domain at the end requires a certificate, for example: `-d newexample.com`

Change "`example.com`" to the true domain of your server:

```
sudo certbot certonly --standalone -d example.com -d www.example.com
```

# You will be asked for an admin email address. Put a real one to get you keep you informed about certificates:

Installation succeeded.

Saving debug log to `/var/log/letsencrypt/letsencrypt.log`

Plugins selected: Authenticator standalone, Installer None

Enter email address (used for urgent renewal and security notices) (Enter 'c' to cancel): **...here your mail address and press Enter**

# Ask if you agree:

-----  
Please read the Terms of Service at  
<https://letsencrypt.org/documents/LE-SA-v1.2-November-15-2017.pdf>. You must  
agree in order to register with the ACME server at  
<https://acme-v02.api.letsencrypt.org/directory>  
-----

(A)gree/(C)ancel: **...type... a ...and press Enter**

# Ask if you want to share your email address:

-----  
Would you be willing to share your email address with the Electronic Frontier  
Foundation, a founding partner of the Let's Encrypt project and the non-profit  
organization that develops Certbot? We'd like to send you email about our work  
encrypting the web, EFF news, campaigns, and ways to support digital freedom.  
-----

(Y)es/(N)o: **...type... n ...and press Enter**

when you finish making the certificates successfully, it will show the following:

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- **Congratulations!** Your certificate and chain have been saved at:  
`/etc/letsencrypt/live/your_domain/fullchain.pem`  
Your key file has been saved at:  
`/etc/letsencrypt/live/your_domain/privkey.pem`  
Your cert will expire on 2020-06-24. To obtain a new or tweaked  
version of this certificate in the future, simply run  
`letsencrypt-auto` again. To non-interactively renew **\*all\*** of your  
certificates, run "`letsencrypt-auto renew`"
- If you like Certbot, please consider supporting our work by:

Donating to ISRG / Let's Encrypt: <https://letsencrypt.org/donate>

Donating to EFF: <https://eff.org/donate-le>

2)

----- **Checking domain certificates** -----

We'll see where are stored the certificates we just create, that in our case will be at  
`/etc/letsencrypt/live`:

`sudo ls /etc/letsencrypt/live`

...will show your domain name: **your\_domain**

All domains that you specified in the previous step will be located in the same certificate.

3)

----- **Renewing the SSL certificate** -----

The Let's Encrypt certificate has an drawback, and is that it is valid only 90 days, so we're going to have to renew it. Remember to open port 80.

We can do this manually (always connected to Internet):

```
sudo certbot renew
```

4)

----- **Configuring Tomcat-OpenMeetings with SSL certificates** -----

**These steps 3 and 4, must be repeated every 80 days**, as it is 90 Let's Encrypt's valid days.

I followed the OM installation path that show the OpenMeetings tutorials that are found on their official wiki site. I mean **/opt/open710**.

If you had done the installation on a different path, modify what you indicate below.

We already made the letsencrypt certificates for our domain in step 1.

Now let's create a PKCS12 that contains the full chain and the private one. It is necessary to have installed openssl. We install it if not:

```
sudo zypper install openssl
```

Now run the following command:

(Only one line with space between each of them)

```
sudo openssl pkcs12 -export -out /tmp/example.com_fullchain_and_key.p12
-in /etc/letsencrypt/live/example.com/fullchain.pem
-inkey /etc/letsencrypt/live/example.com/privkey.pem -name tomcat
```

...replace **example.com** with your true domain (the same as when we made letsencrypt certificates)

...will ask for a password. Type one that you likes and paste in a text file (will need now)

And now convert that PKCS12 to JKS file using java keytool:

(Only one line with space between each of them)

```
sudo keytool -importkeystore -deststorepass samplePassword -destkeypass samplePassword
-destkeystore /tmp/example.com.jks -srckeystore /tmp/example.com_fullchain_and_key.p12
-srcstoretype PKCS12 -srcstorepass samplePassword -alias tomcat
```

...replace `example.com` with your true domain (twice), and `samplePassword` (three times) with the password you just choosed (it you pasted in a text file).

Copy the generated `example.com.jks` file to the Tomcat-OpenMeetings installation directory:

```
sudo cp /tmp/example.com.jks /opt/open710/conf
```

...replace `example.com` with your true domain.

### # Configure Tomcat-OpenMeetings with the Java Keystore that we generated..

For that edit `server.xml` file:

```
sudo nano /opt/open710/conf/server.xml
```

...let's go to the block:

```
<Connector port="5443" protocol="org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol"
  maxThreads="150" SSLEnabled="true">
  <SSLHostConfig>
    <Certificate certificateKeystoreFile="conf/localhost.jks"
      certificateKeystorePassword="openmeetings"
      certificateKeystoreType="JKS"
      certificateVerification="false"
      sslProtocol="TLS"
      type="RSA" />
  </SSLHostConfig>
```

...and we modified it by leaving it like this:

```
<Connector port="5443" protocol="org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol"
  maxThreads="150" SSLEnabled="true">
  <SSLHostConfig>
    <Certificate certificateKeystoreFile="conf/example.com.jks"
      certificateKeystorePassword="samplePassword"
      certificateKeystoreType="JKS"
      certificateVerification="false"
      sslProtocol="TLS"
```

```
        type="RSA" />  
</SSLHostConfig>
```

...replace **example.com** with your true domain, and **samplePassword** with the password that you've just chosen (the one you just saved to a text file)

...exit the nano editor by pressing the **Ctrl+x** keys, ask if you save and press **Y** and then **Enter** to exit.

Restart OpenMeetings:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/tomcat34 restart
```

And with this we conclude.

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If you have some doubt or question, please raise it in the Apache OpenMeetings forums:

<https://openmeetings.apache.org/mailling-lists.html>

OpenMeetings



Thank you .

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