

Splunk

Splunk Component

Available as of Camel 2.13

The Splunk component provides access to [Splunk](#), via the Splunk provided [client](#) Rest API, allowing you to publish and search for events in Splunk.

Maven users will need to add the following dependency to their `pom.xml` for this component:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.apache.camel</groupId>
  <artifactId>camel-splunk</artifactId>
  <version>${camel-version}</version>
</dependency>
```

URI Format

```
splunk://[endpoint]?[options]
```

Producer Endpoints

Endpoint	Description
stream	Streams data to a named index, or the default index if not specified. When using stream mode be aware that Splunk has some internal buffer (about 1MB or so) before events gets to the index. If you need realtime, better use <code>submit</code> or <code>tcp</code> mode.
submit	Uses Splunk's Rest API to publish events to a named index, or the default if not specified.
tcp	Streams data to a TCP port, and requires a open receiver port in Splunk.

When publishing events the message body should contain a `SplunkEvent`. See later.

Example

```
from("direct:start")
  .convertBodyTo(SplunkEvent.class)
  .to("splunk://submit?username=user&password=123&index=myindex&sourceType=someSourceType&source=mySource");
```

In this example a converter is required to convert to a `SplunkEvent` class.

Consumer Endpoints

Endpoint	Description
normal	Performs normal search and requires a search query in the <code>search</code> option.
savedsearch	Performs search based on a search query saved in Splunk and requires the name of the query in the <code>savedsearch</code> option.

Example

```
from("splunk://normal?delay=5s&username=user&password=123&initEarliestTime=-10s&search=search index=myindex
sourcetype=someSourcetype")
  .to("direct:search-result");
```

`camel-splunk` creates a route exchange per search result with an instance of `org.apache.camel.component.splunk.event.SplunkEvent` in the body.

URI Options

Name	Default Value	Context	Description
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connectionTimeout	5000	Both	Splunk server connection timeout, in milliseconds.
count	0	Consumer	A number that indicates the maximum number of entities to return. This is not the same as <code>maxMessagesPerPoll</code> option, which currently is unsupported.
earliestTime	null	Consumer	Earliest time of the search time window.
eventHost	null	Producer	Camel 2.17: Override the default Splunk event host field.
host	localhost	Both	Splunk host.
index	null	Producer	Splunk index to write to.
initEarliestTime	null	Consumer	Initial start offset of the first search. Required.
latestTime	null	Consumer	Latest time of the search time window.
password	null	Both	Splunk password.
port	8089	Both	Splunk port.
raw	false	Producer	Camel 2.16.0: Governs whether the body should be inserted as raw. If <code>true</code> , the body will be transformed to a <code>java.lang.String</code> before it's send to Splunk.
savedSearch	null	Consumer	The name of the query saved in Splunk to run.
scheme	https	Both	Scheme to use. Can be one of: <code>http</code> or <code>https</code> .
search	null	Consumer	The Splunk query to run.
source	null	Producer	Splunk source argument.
sourceType	null	Producer	Splunk sourcetype argument.
sslProtocol	TLSv1.2	Both	Camel 2.16: The SSL protocol to use. Can be one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>TLSv1.2</code> • <code>TLSv1.1</code> • <code>TLSv1</code> • <code>SSLv3</code> Note: this option is ignored unless the scheme is: <code>https</code> .
streaming	false	Consumer	Camel 2.14.0: Stream exchanges as they are received from Splunk, rather than returning all of them in one batch. This has the benefit of receiving results faster, as well as requiring less memory as exchanges aren't buffered in the component.
tcpReceiverPort	0	Producer	Splunk TCP receiver port when using TCP producer endpoint.
username	null	Both	Splunk username.
useSunHttpsHandler	false	Both	When <code>true</code> an instance of <code>sun.net.www.protocol.https.Handler</code> is used to establish the connection to Splunk. Can be useful when running in application servers to avoid application server HTTPS handling.

Message Body

Splunk operates on data in key/value pairs. The `SplunkEvent` class is a placeholder for such data, and should be in the message body for the producer. Likewise it will be returned in the body per search result for the consumer.

From **Camel 2.16.0** you can send raw data to Splunk by setting `raw=true` on the producer endpoint. This is useful for e.g., `json/xml` and other payloads where Splunk has build in support.

Use Cases

Search Twitter for tweets with music and publish events to Splunk

```
from("twitter://search?
type=polling&keywords=music&delay=10&consumerKey=abc&consumerSecret=def&accessToken=hi&accessTokenSecret=xxx")
    .convertBodyTo(SplunkEvent.class)
    .to("splunk://submit?username=foo&password=bar&index=camel-tweets&sourceType=twitter&source=music-tweets");
```

To convert a Tweet to a `SplunkEvent` you could use a converter like:

```

@Converter
public class Tweet2SplunkEvent {
    @Converter
    public static SplunkEvent convertTweet(Status status) {
        SplunkEvent data = new SplunkEvent("twitter-message", null);

        data.addPair("from_user", status.getUser().getScreenName());
        data.addPair("in_reply_to", status.getInReplyToScreenName());
        data.addPair(SplunkEvent.COMMON_START_TIME, status.getCreatedAt());
        data.addPair(SplunkEvent.COMMON_EVENT_ID, status.getId());
        data.addPair("text", status.getText());
        data.addPair("retweet_count", status.getRetweetCount());

        if (status.getPlace() != null) {
            data.addPair("place_country", status.getPlace().getCountry());
            data.addPair("place_name", status.getPlace().getName());
            data.addPair("place_street", status.getPlace().getStreetAddress());
        }

        if (status.getGeoLocation() != null) {
            data.addPair("geo_latitude", status.getGeoLocation().getLatitude());
            data.addPair("geo_longitude", status.getGeoLocation().getLongitude());
        }

        return data;
    }
}

```

Search Splunk for tweets:

```

from("splunk://normal?username=foo&password=bar&initEarliestTime=-2m&search=search index=camel-tweets
sourcetype=twitter")
    .log("${body}");

```

Comments

Splunk comes with a variety of options for leveraging machine generated data with pre-built apps for analyzing and displaying this. For example the JMX app. could be used to publish JMX attributes, e.g., route and JVM metrics to Splunk, and displaying this on a dashboard.

See Also

- [Configuring Camel](#)
- [Component](#)
- [Endpoint](#)
- [Getting Started](#)