

# Annotation Based Expression Language

## Annotation Based Expression Language

You can also use any of the [Languages](#) supported in Camel to bind expressions to method parameters when using [Bean Integration](#). For example you can use any of these annotations:

Annotation	Description
<a href="#">@Bean</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Bean</a> expression
<a href="#">@BeanShell</a>	Inject a <a href="#">BeanShell</a> expression
<a href="#">@Constant</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Constant</a> expression
<a href="#">@EL</a>	Inject an <a href="#">EL</a> expression
<a href="#">@Groovy</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Groovy</a> expression
<a href="#">@Header</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Header</a> expression
<a href="#">@JavaScript</a>	Inject a <a href="#">JavaScript</a> expression
<a href="#">@MVEL</a>	Inject a <a href="#">MVEL</a> expression
<a href="#">@OGNL</a>	Inject an <a href="#">OGNL</a> expression
<a href="#">@PHP</a>	Inject a <a href="#">PHP</a> expression
<a href="#">@Python</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Python</a> expression
<a href="#">@Ruby</a>	Inject a <a href="#">Ruby</a> expression
<a href="#">@Simple</a>	Inject an <a href="#">Simple</a> expression
<a href="#">@XPath</a>	Inject an <a href="#">XPath</a> expression
<a href="#">@XQuery</a>	Inject an <a href="#">XQuery</a> expression

### Example:

```
public class Foo {  
  
    @MessageDriven(uri = "activemq:my.queue")  
    public void doSomething(@XPath("/foo/bar/text()") String correlationID, @Body String body) {  
        // process the inbound message here  
    }  
}
```

### Advanced example using @Bean

And an example of using the [@Bean](#) binding annotation, where you can use a [POJO](#) where you can do whatever java code you like:

```
public class Foo {  
  
    @MessageDriven(uri = "activemq:my.queue")  
    public void doSomething(@Bean("myCorrelationIdGenerator") String correlationID, @Body String body) {  
        // process the inbound message here  
    }  
}
```

And then we can have a spring bean with the id `myCorrelationIdGenerator` where we can compute the id.

```

public class MyIdGenerator {

    private UserManager userManager;

    public String generate(@Header(name = "user") String user, @Body String payload) throws Exception {
        User user = userManager.lookupUser(user);
        String userId = user.getPrimaryId();
        String id = userId + generateHashCodeForPayload(payload);
        return id;
    }
}

```

The [POJO](#) MyIdGenerator has one public method that accepts two parameters. However we have also annotated this one with the `@Header` and `@Body` annotation to help Camel know what to bind here from the Message from the Exchange being processed.

Of course this could be simplified a lot if you for instance just have a simple id generator. But we wanted to demonstrate that you can use the [Bean Binding](#) annotations anywhere.

```

public class MySimpleIdGenerator {

    public static int generate() {
        // generate a unique id
        return 123;
    }
}

```

And finally we just need to remember to have our bean registered in the Spring [Registry](#):

```

<bean id="myCorrelationIdGenerator" class="com.mycompany.MySimpleIdGenerator"/>

```

## Example using Groovy

In this example we have an Exchange that has a User object stored in the in header. This User object has methods to get some user information. We want to use [Groovy](#) to inject an expression that extracts and concatenates the fullname of the user into the `fullName` parameter.

```

    public void doSomething(@Groovy("${request.header['user'].firstName} ${request.header['user'].familyName}")
String fullName, @Body String body) {
        // process the inbound message here
    }

```

Groovy supports GStrings that is like a template where we can insert `$` placeholders that will be evaluated by Groovy.