FAQ

Frequently Asked Questions

Welcome to the Apache Traffic Server FAQ. Below is a list of frequently asked questions pertaining to Apache Traffic Server.

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What Platforms does Traffic Server support

- Linux is the primary platform supported.
- For other distributions such as FreeBSD, Mac OSX and OpenSolaris see README

'sudo make install' fails with '/usr/bin/install: invalid group nobody'

- The default installed user is 'nobody' and the default group is 'nobody'.
- You can specify the installed group via:

```
shell

# It is very important to do a clean uninstall and distclean before
# re-configuring, re-building, and re-installing after the failed
# first install.
sudo make uninstall
sudo make distclean
configure i.e './configure --with-group=nogroup'
```

How do I enable forward proxy mode?

- Forward proxy mode is not enabled out of the box for security reasons. When enabling any proxy on the internet, you want to make sure you observe pertinent security restrictions. Having an open proxy available to internet users is a bad thing. If you understand this and are sure you know what you are doing, go ahead and enable:

```
trafficserver/records.config

# Set this variable to 1 if you want Traffic Server to serve
# requests only from origin servers listed in the mapping rules
# of the remap.config file. If a request does not match, then
# the browser will receive an error.
CONFIG proxy.config.reverse_proxy.enabled INT 0
CONFIG proxy.config.url_remap.remap_required INT 0
```

How do I access POST data in a Traffic Server plugin

- You use a transformation plugin. Details are available by visiting the Traffic Server SDK guide

How do I enable DNS lookups?


Edit `records.config` and enable `round_robin` along with specifying your nameservers. For example:

```
trafficserver/records.config

# Enables (1) or disables (0) DNS server round-robin.
CONFIG proxy.config.dns.round_robin_nameservers INT 1

# The DNS servers.
CONFIG proxy.config.dns.nameservers STRING 10.0.0.1 192.172.0.4
```

How do I enable SSL between Client/ATS/Origin end points?

- See `Using SSL Termination` section of the `Administrator's Guide`

What happens if Traffic Server crashes?

- It is automatically restarted by the Traffic Manager
- If you turn off cores (limit coredumpsize 0) you can prevent disk full errors on crash loops

Do you have any sample configuration files?

Yes we do, see the `sample configuration` page.

How do i profile Traffic Server's performance

Visit the `Profiling` page for more information.

How do get detailed logs for particular requests served by Traffic Server?

You can set `CONFIG proxy.config.http.slow.log.threshold INT` in `records.config` to see various time milestones for HTTP requests in the error log. The value is in milliseconds, requests that take longer than that value will generate a slow log entry.

How to enable cache inspector and others in `http_ui`?

`http_ui` is a cache inspector for TS internal system, a Swiss knife tool for TS, you can setup `http_ui` by:

1. add these remap rules to `remap.config`, you may need to replace `localhost` to your own hostname if you don't access from `localhost`, you may need to modify the default port 8080 if you have changed it

```
remap.config

map http://localhost:8080/cache-internal/ http://{cache-internal}
map http://localhost:8080/cache/ http://{cache}
map http://localhost:8080/stat/ http://{stat}
map http://localhost:8080/test/ http://{test}
map http://localhost:8080/hostdb/ http://{hostdb}
map http://localhost:8080/net/ http://{net}
map http://localhost:8080/http/ http://{http}
```

2. enable `http_ui` from `records.config`, we use command line tool here

```
command

traffic_line -s proxy.config.http_ui_enabled -v 3
traffic_line -s proxy.config.http.enable_http_info -v 1
```

3. get `traffic_server` aware of the change:
How do I setup a RAW disk cache?

RAW disk cache is specified in storage.config using the physical /dev device with no additional parameters provided you run a recent kernel.

```
storage.config

/dev/dm-2
```

You must also ensure the trafficserver user owns the device and has block-level access. To do this we utilize udev rules. This must be a physical device and not an LVM mapping:

```
50-ats.rules

# /etc/udev/rules.d/50-ats.rules
# Apache Traffic Server owns disk for RAW access
KERNEL="dm-2", OWNER="trafficserver"
```

How do I know what debug tags are available?

When enabling debug logging, you specify tags to filter the debug output with the `proxy.config.diags.debug.tags` option. The following command will show you all debug tags used in the trafficserver source code when outputting debug messages. Run it from inside the trafficserver source tree:

```
# This assumes gnu grep
grep -orh 'Debug("[^"]*\""') * | sort | uniq | sed 's/Debug"//'
```

More Frequently Asked Questions?

- There are additional frequently asked questions available in the Traffic Server Administrator's Guide