Micronaut 'dev mode' Run Support

DRAFT

Micronaut applications can be run in automatic restart (Continuous Run) mode. In this mode, a change to a project source will trigger

- compilation
- packaging
- application restart

This run mode is **not suitable** for debugging, as the developer routinely modifies the underlying source, and (seemingly random) restarts would break the debugging context. There still needs to be a "traditional" run mode for work scenarios, where (random) restarts implied by source changes could be harmful, e.g. when the worked-on app maintains some connections to other services, or keeps some context.

The actual implementation should be always delegated to the underlying build/launch system.

- gradle supports continous build mode with -t parameter to the gradle launcher (read more about the mode)
- maven is extended by micronaut plugin and goal mn:run to do the same

Run in Dev mode, Debug normally

There is a UI-less way to enable support for mn:run when executing *Run (Single)* action and leaving behavior of *Debug (Single)* untouched. If we provide good enough extension API, then the Micronaut support module may remap the *Run* from **exec:exec** to **mn:run** for all pom.xml file that contain microna ut-maven-plugin. Both Maven and Gradle project support action configuration mapping, so implementation in both Gradle and Maven will just provide a different **action mapping** for the existing project action. Gradle supports the **--continuous** flag from version 4.0.x (7 / 2017), so it seems pretty safe to add that action **unconditionally** to the project menu.

Should there be a necessity to support multiple types of Run or Debug, then read on...

Using project Configurations

The "Continuous run" is essentially a flavour, or variant of "Run" actions. With Gradle, "dev mode" can be applied to run and test. RunSingle

With Micronaut Maven plugin, however, only Run actions are supported. NetBeans Maven plugin support Configurations

- can redefine any project action
- can enable a profile

The downside is that project action definitions are completely independent: a change in main class, VM parameters or parameters must be copied over to all configuration(s) manually where the action is redefined: but that's not indicated at all to the user. **Gradle does not support configurations at all**. While Gradle plugin supports **action mapping**, similar to our Maven module, it does not contain the 2nd axis (configurations, profiles). If added, would be unique to the IDE (but profile-based action mapping in Maven is as well), without connection to the gradle build.

Continuous run acts as like a modifier on (certain) actions; it's a question how we handle a situation when there are more such modifiers that could be combined, i.e.

- continuous run
- logging
- database connections

as each single is (now) represented by a Configuration - which do not combine or merge.

Separate Project Action(s)

A new project action **Continuous Run** can be defined to handle this special action. Both Maven and Gradle project support action configuration mapping, so implementation in both Gradle and Maven will just provide an **action mapping** for the new project action. The project action itself should be defined in

- Gradle Projects module: as -t is a Gradle feature, this will enable its use in other Gradle projects, not just Micronaut.
- Micronaut module (for Maven): Maven does not support it itself, but Micronaut's plugin does. Possibly, to reduce dependencies, micronaut. maven bridge module could be created.

This Project Action can be then invoked programmatically, apart from the project UI itself, by a LSP client, too.

? Since the action can be seen as a **replacement** for traditional Run (depending on project characteristics and user's preferred workflow), it should be configurable as the **default Run action**, responding for

- ActionProvider.COMMAND_RUN,
- ActionProvider.COMMAND_RUN_SINGLE.

A Need to define how an (abstract) "Run" action can be remapped to a different action ("run-continuous") defined in nbactions.xml.

Definition for Maven

```
<action>
        <actionName>run.continuous</actionName>
        <packagings>
            <packaging>jar</packaging>
        </packagings>
<!--
                Maybe not necessary to add, if the MavenActionsProvider itself are registered specifically per-
plugin
        <activation>
            <plugin>io.micronaut.build:micronaut-maven-plugin</plugin>
        </activation>
-->
        <qoals>
            <qoal>process-classes</qoal>
            <goal>io.micronaut.build:micronaut-mayen-plugin:2.0.0:run</goal>
        </goals>
        <properties>
            <mn.jvmArgs>${exec.vmArgs} -classpath %classpath</mn.jvmArgs>
            <mn.appArgs>${exec.appArgs</mn.appArgs>
            <exec.mainClass>${packageClassName}</exec.mainClass>
            <exec.executable>java</exec.executable>
        </properties>
    </action>
```

Display Action in the IDE

Neither Gradle or Maven support adding **technology-specific** actions in the project UI. Even if the action is defined in **nbactions.xml**, it will not appear anywhere in the popup menu, except for **custom actions** (having CUSTOM- prefix in their action name; maven only). In this case, I would like to display the **Continuous Run** action alongside the **Run** and **Debug**.

- Gradle supports the --continuous flag from version 4.0.x (7 / 2017), so it seems pretty safe to add that action unconditionally to the project menu. There are some limitations documented, the action could warn the user for the 1st time the action is used, if it encounters such an environment.
- The action should not be present for other than micronaut projects (those which contain MN plugin) in Maven.

A Need to define a representation of such configuration in the UI. An alternative would be a menu item that

- executes on click,
- · can display a submenu which contains
 - Run once
 - Run continuous
- · the new state would be remembered

Adding technology-specific actions

Common actions for a project type are placed in **Projects/<project-type-id>/Actions**. These actions are displayed in the Project's context menu in the filesystem-defined order. I propose to define a **layer API** that would include also actions from **Projects/<project-type-id>/plugin-id/Actions** for all *plugins* participating on the project:

- plugins referenced in the build.gradle,
- plugins configured by active profiles of the maven project

Allowing to extend the main project menu may lead to its explosion with many added actions for each technology. A standard **grouping action** should be created in the OpenAPI and documented, so a technology may eventually add its action into a subgroup. This **will not be part** of the initial implementation, but could be added later. Note that by default, the **Lookups.forPath()** collects the whole .../Actions subtree (traversing into subfolders).

Integration with VSCode

Launching run configurations

The java8+ launch type should be enhanced with either

- continuousExecution : boolean | null, or
- configuration : string | null, that would select the desired configuration known by LSP server
- action: string | null, to select the (abstract) action
- configurationParams: generic Map to support possible future launch extensions

The user may edit / change the Run configuration or create an additional one that executes the application in the "Continuous run" mode. Blank **action** would enable the same logic, as it is done now. Unhandled actions would get the **FileObject** of the active file in its actionLookup - that would eventually enable us to allow more flexibility through DAP protocol.

Access to run configurations

Run configurations extracted from the project would be served over LSP to **DebugConfigurationProvider** that should report them from **provideDebugCo nfigurations**.

Project Actions - implementation

Action contributions

Action has to be contributed to the project based on **plugin**, This is supported with Gradle (but gradle has the action centralized in the core), but must be added to Maven.

RunJar support

Current "Run" operation relies on **RunJar** prerequisity checker and late-bound checker to step in, and supply necessary values for \${} variables referenced in the action config. The prerequisity checker checks for **specific action IDs** when activating. If Micronaut support defines **Continuous Run** as a different action ID, these checkers **will not** be used, and the action may become broken: for example application args, VM args etc as seen in the Project Properties dialog will not be processed, **StartupExtenders** will not be collected etc. Two (or more ?) options here:

- Micronaut plugin will **duplicate** the RunJar logic, or
- · We export an API from Maven core "Run" support to bind that support to specific executions, so the logic could be reused
 - packaging (already done)
 - project action ID
 - active plugins
- We export an API from either Maven (but see Gradle notes below) or from Project support itself, to categorize actions. Something like boolean
 isKindOf(abstractActionId, actionId), with an appropriate (declarative ?) SPI that Micronaut can use to declare Continous Run is kind of
 Run. This way, runJar support may check for categories instead of action Ids.

The logic implemented by Maven (which can be reused by Micronaut) is:

- Selection of the main class: if not defined, UI shows up, eventually recording user's choices in nbactions.xml
- Java platform selection
- StartupExtender VM parameters merge
- ExplicitProcessParameters processing

Micronaut Maven Plugin

While **exec:exec** goal honours system property **exec.executable**, that eventually specifies the desired **Java** executable to be used for application launch, Micronaut maven plugin **does not honour any such property** and relies on **toolchains** in maven. NetBeans **do not support** toolchains much, and our LSP clients also manage JDKs in a different way, not using maven toolchains. **Java platform selection will be broken** for mn:run goal, unless the **whole maven** runs on the target JDK.

The Micronaut plugin does not honour the following properties we need to transfer parameters from the IDE, or LSP client:

- mn.jvmArgs just plugin configuration property is supported, not system property on commandline
- mn.appArg just plugin configuration property is supported, not system property on commandline
- exec.executable not supported at all, even as configuration propertyu
- exec.args whole composed command line

The simplest solution is to enhance the mn:run goal to support some 'exec.executable'-like (i.e. mn.executable) property with a similar semantics.

Gradle implementation

The current parameter-passing implementation could work, **mostly**, except that it also specifically checks for action IDs. Since Gradle supports **Continuou s run** natively, the JavaExecTokenProvider could also check for the new action ID. But if **action categorization** (as outlined for Maven) is invented, it would benefit from that - more actions (even user custom ones) could be categorized as "run-like". Other than that, gradle support should work acceptably.

Currently gradle support in NetBeans lacks run configuration UI - the user cannot specify application arguments, JVM arguments, env variables or main class.

Configurations - implementation

Maven

Configurations are already there. We need to make **ProjectConfigurationsProvider** instances plugin-aware, similar to the **ActionProvider** scenario. With **micronaut-maven-plugin** a "**Development mode**" configuration would be magically pre-defined with suitable defaults. Users can override. The idea is:

make a configuration form each profile defined in effective POM

Gradle

Gradle itself does not support profiles, or any configurations. Maven profiles can be transposed into gradle using **conditional inclusion** of buildscript fragments.