# Call REST services from CLI

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  - 1. Create user
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In the following it is assumed that:

- curl is the reference tool for CLI invocation
- admin:password are the credentials for accessing Syncope core
- Syncope core runs on http://localhost:9080/syncope

# Apache Syncope >= 2.0.X

Details are available in the Reference Guide.

- (i) With Apache Syncope 2.0.0, besides using curl as with earlier versions, a brand new CLI tool is available.
- For more details please refer to the REST API reference, which is also available at http://localhost:9080/syncope/.
- If selected for deployment, the Swagger extension is also available at http://localhost:9080/syncope/swagger/.

# Apache Syncope 1.2.X

For more details please refer to the REST API reference, which is also available at http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/doc/.

#### Create user

where / tmp/newuser.json looks like:

```
"id": 0,
"password": "password123",
"username": "myusername@apache.org",
"securityQuestion": null,
"securityAnswer": null,
"attributes": [
    "schema": "fullname",
    "readonly": false,
    "values": [
      "myusername@apache.org"
    ]
    "schema": "loginDate",
    "readonly": false,
    "values": [
      "2015-11-12"
]
```

To link the user to an existing resource, include this in the root json hash:

```
"resources": [
    "ws-target-resource-1"
]
```

You might want to add

```
-H "Prefer: return-no-content"
```

to avoid Syncope core populating the HTTP response with the created user entry.

#### Update user

```
curl -X POST -u admin:password -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json"\
--data @/tmp/updateuser.json http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/users/100
```

where 100 is the id of the user to be deleted and / tmp/updateuser.json looks like:

```
"id": 100,
"username": "newUsername",
"password": "updatedPassword",
"attributesToRemove": [
    "surname"
],
"attributesToUpdate": [
    {
        "schema": "surname",
        "valuesToBeAdded": [
            "New surname"
        ],
        "valuesToBeRemoved": []
    }
}
```

You might want to add

```
-H "Prefer: return-no-content"
```

to avoid Syncope core populating the HTTP response with the updated user entry.

#### Delete user

```
curl -X DELETE -u admin:password -H "Accept: application/json" http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/users/100
```

where 100 is the id of the user to be deleted.

You might want to add

```
-H "Prefer: return-no-content"
```

to avoid Syncope core populating the HTTP response with the deleted user entry.

#### Export database content

### Change configuration parameter value

```
curl -X PUT -u admin:password -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{"schema":"selfRegistration.allowed","values":["true"]}' http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/configurations
/selfRegistration.allowed
```

# Apache Syncope <= 1.1.X

#### Create user

```
curl -u admin:password -H "Content-Type: application/json" --data @/tmp/newuser.json http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/user/create.json
```

where /tmp/newuser.json looks like:

To link the user to an existing resource, include this in the root json hash:

```
"resources": [
    "ws-target-resource-1"
]
```

### Export database content

 $\hbox{curl -u admin:password -o content.xml -H "Content-Type: application/xml" -X GET http://localhost:9080/syncope/cxf/configurations/stream \\ }$ 

### Change configuration parameter value

```
curl -u admin:password -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{"key":"smtp.host","value":"smtp.ngi.it"}' http://localhost:9080/syncope/rest/configuration/update.json
```