

# AdminManual Metastore Administration

## Hive Metastore Administration

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This page only documents the MetaStore in Hive 2.x and earlier. For 3.x and later releases please see [AdminManual Metastore 3.0 Administration](#)

### Introduction

All the metadata for Hive tables and partitions are accessed through the Hive Metastore. Metadata is persisted using [JPOX](#) ORM solution (Data Nucleus) so any database that is supported by it can be used by Hive. Most of the commercial relational databases and many open source databases are supported. See the list of [supported databases](#) in section below.

You can find an E/R diagram for the metastore [here](#).

There are 2 different ways to setup the metastore server and metastore database using different Hive configurations:

Configuration options for **metastore database** where metadata is persisted:

- [Local/Embedded Metastore Database \(Derby\)](#)
- [Remote Metastore Database](#)

Configuration options for **metastore server**:

- [Local/Embedded Metastore Server](#)
- [Remote Metastore Server](#)

### Basic Configuration Parameters

The relevant configuration parameters are shown here. (Non-metastore parameters are described in [Configuring Hive](#). Also see the Language Manual's [Hive Configuration Properties](#), including [Metastore](#) and [Hive Metastore Security](#).)

Also see `hivemetastore-site.xml` documentation under [Configuring Hive](#).

Configuration Parameter	Description
<code>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</code>	JDBC connection string for the data store which contains metadata
<code>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</code>	JDBC Driver class name for the data store which contains metadata
<code>hive.metastore.uris</code>	Hive connects to one of these URIs to make metadata requests to a remote Metastore (comma separated list of URIs)
<code>hive.metastore.local</code>	local or remote metastore (removed as of Hive 0.10: If <code>hive.metastore.uris</code> is empty local mode is assumed, remote otherwise)
<code>hive.metastore.warehouse.dir</code>	URI of the default location for native tables

The Hive metastore is stateless and thus there can be multiple instances to achieve High Availability. Using `hive.metastore.uris` it is possible to specify multiple remote metastores. Hive will use the first one from the list by default but will pick a random one on connection failure and will try to reconnect.

### Additional Configuration Parameters

The following metastore configuration parameters were carried over from old documentation without a guarantee that they all still exist. See the `HiveConf` Java class for current Hive configuration options, and see the [Metastore](#) and [Hive Metastore Security](#) sections of the Language Manual's [Hive Configuration Properties](#) for user-friendly descriptions of the metastore parameters.

Configuration Parameter	Description	Default Value
<code>hive.metastore.metadb.dir</code>	The location of filestore metadata base directory. (Functionality removed in 0.4.0 with <a href="#">HIVE-143</a> .)	
<code>hive.metastore.rawstore.impl</code>	Name of the class that implements the <code>org.apache.hadoop.hive.metastore.rawstore</code> interface. This class is used to store and retrieval of raw metadata objects such as table, database. (Hive 0.8.1 and later.)	
<code>org.jpox.autoCreateSchema</code>	Creates necessary schema on startup if one doesn't exist. (The schema includes tables, columns, and so on.) Set to false after creating it once.	
<code>org.jpox.fixedDatastore</code>	Whether the datastore schema is fixed.	
<code>datanucleus.autoStartMechanism</code>	Whether to initialize on startup.	
<code>hive.metastore.ds.connection.url.hook</code>	Name of the hook to use for retrieving the JDO connection URL. If empty, the value in <code>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</code> is used as the connection URL. (Hive 0.6 and later.)	
<code>hive.metastore.ds.retry.attempts</code>	The number of times to retry a call to the backing datastore if there were a connection error. (Hive 0.6 through 0.12; removed in 0.13.0 – use <code>hive.hmshandler.retry.attempts</code> instead.)	1
<code>hive.metastore.ds.retry.interval</code>	The number of milliseconds between datastore retry attempts. (Hive 0.6 through 0.12; removed in 0.13.0 – use <code>hive.hmshandler.retry.interval</code> instead.)	1000
<code>hive.metastore.server.min.threads</code>	Minimum number of worker threads in the Thrift server's pool. (Hive 0.6 and later.)	200
<code>hive.metastore.server.max.threads</code>	Maximum number of worker threads in the Thrift server's pool. (Hive 0.6 and later.)	100000 since Hive 0.8.1
<code>hive.metastore.filter.hook</code>	Metastore hook class for further filtering the metadata read results on client side. ( <a href="#">Hive 1.1.0</a> and later.)	<code>org.apache.hadoop.hive.metastore.DefaultMetaStoreFilterHookImpl</code>
<code>hive.metastore.port</code>	Hive metastore listener port. ( <a href="#">Hive 1.3.0</a> and later.)	9083

## Data Nucleus Auto Start

! **Configuring `datanucleus.autoStartMechanism` is highly recommended**

Configuring auto start for data nucleus is highly recommended. See [HIVE-4762](#) for more details.

```
<property>
  <name>datanucleus.autoStartMechanism</name>
  <value>SchemaTable</value>
</property>
```

## Default Configuration

The default configuration sets up an embedded metastore which is used in unit tests and is described in the next section. More practical options are described in the subsequent sections.

## Local/Embedded Metastore Database (Derby)

An embedded metastore database is mainly used for unit tests. Only one process can connect to the metastore database at a time, so it is not really a practical solution but works well for unit tests.

For unit tests [Local/Embedded Metastore Server](#) configuration for the metastore server is used in conjunction with embedded database.

Derby is the default database for the embedded metastore.

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL	<code>jdbc:derby:;databaseName=../build/test/junit_metastore_db;create=true</code>	Derby database located at <code>hive/trunk/build...</code>
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName	<code>org.apache.derby.jdbc.EmbeddedDriver</code>	Derby embedded JDBC driver class.
hive.metastore.warehouse.dir	<code>file://\${user.dir}/../build/ql/test/data/warehouse</code>	Unit test data goes in here on your local filesystem.

If you want to run Derby as a network server so the metastore can be accessed from multiple nodes, see [Hive Using Derby in Server Mode](#).

## Remote Metastore Database

In this configuration, you would use a traditional standalone RDBMS server. The following example configuration will set up a metastore in a MySQL server. This configuration of metastore database is recommended for any real use.

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL	<code>jdbc:mysql://&lt;host name&gt;/&lt;database name&gt;?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true</code>	metadata is stored in a MySQL server
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName	<code>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</code>	MySQL JDBC driver class
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName	<code>&lt;user name&gt;</code>	user name for connecting to MySQL server
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword	<code>&lt;password&gt;</code>	password for connecting to MySQL server

## Local/Embedded Metastore Server

In local/embedded metastore setup, the metastore server component is used like a library within the Hive Client. Each Hive Client will open a connection to the database and make SQL queries against it. Make sure that the database is accessible from the machines where Hive queries are executed since this is a local store. Also make sure the JDBC client library is in the classpath of Hive Client. This configuration is often used with HiveServer2 (to use embedded metastore only with HiveServer2 add "`--hiveconf hive.metastore.uris=' '`" in command line parameters of the hiveserver2 start command or use `hiveserver2-site.xml` (available in Hive 0.14)).

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
hive.metastore.uris	<i>not needed because this is local store</i>	
hive.metastore.local	<code>true</code>	this is local store (removed in Hive 0.10, see <a href="#">configuration description</a> section)
hive.metastore.warehouse.dir	<code>&lt;base hdfs path&gt;</code>	Points to default location of non-external Hive tables in HDFS.

## Remote Metastore Server

In remote metastore setup, all Hive Clients will make a connection to a metastore server which in turn queries the datastore (MySQL in this example) for metadata. Metastore server and client communicate using [Thrift](#) Protocol. Starting with Hive 0.5.0, you can start a Thrift server by executing the following command:

```
hive --service metastore
```

In versions of Hive earlier than 0.5.0, it's instead necessary to run the Thrift server via direct execution of Java:

```
$JAVA_HOME/bin/java -Xmx1024m -Dlog4j.configuration=file:///$HIVE_HOME/conf/hms-log4j.properties -Djava.library.path=$HADOOP_HOME/lib/native/Linux-amd64-64/ -cp $CLASSPATH org.apache.hadoop.hive.metastore.HiveMetaStore
```

If you execute Java directly, then JAVA\_HOME, HIVE\_HOME, HADOOP\_HOME must be correctly set; CLASSPATH should contain Hadoop, Hive (lib and auxlib), and Java jars.

## Server Configuration Parameters

The following example uses a [Remote Metastore Database](#).

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL	jdbc:mysql://<host name>/<database name>?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true	metadata is stored in a MySQL server
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName	com.mysql.jdbc.Driver	MySQL JDBC driver class
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName	<user name>	user name for connecting to MySQL server
javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword	<password>	password for connecting to MySQL server
hive.metastore.warehouse.dir	<base hdfs path>	default location for Hive tables.
hive.metastore.thrift.bind.host	<host_name>	Host name to bind the metastore service to. When empty, "localhost" is used. This configuration is available Hive 4.0.0 onwards.

From Hive 3.0.0 ([HIVE-16452](#)) onwards the metastore database stores a GUID which can be queried using the Thrift API `get_metastore_db_uuid` by metastore clients in order to identify the backend database instance. This API can be accessed by the `HiveMetaStoreClient` using the method `getMetastoreDbUuid()`.

## Client Configuration Parameters

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
hive.metastore.uris	thrift://<host_name>:<port>	host and port for the Thrift metastore server. If <code>hive.metastore.thrift.bind.host</code> is specified, host should be same as that configuration. Read more about this in dynamic service discovery configuration parameters.
hive.metastore.local	false	Metastore is remote. Note: This is no longer needed as of Hive 0.10. Setting <code>hive.metastore.uri</code> is sufficient.
hive.metastore.warehouse.dir	<base hdfs path>	Points to default location of non-external Hive tables in HDFS.

## Dynamic Service Discovery Configuration Parameters

From Hive 4.0.0 ([HIVE-20794](#)) onwards, similar to HiveServer2, a ZooKeeper service can be used for dynamic service discovery of a remote metastore server. Following parameters are used by both metastore server and client.

Config Param	Config Value	Comment
hive.metastore.service.discovery.mode	service discovery mode	When it is set to "zookeeper", ZooKeeper is used for dynamic service discovery of a remote metastore. In that case, a metastore adds itself to the ZooKeeper when it is started and removes itself when it shuts down. By default it is empty. Both the client and server should have same value for this parameter.
hive.metastore.uris	<host_name>:<port>, <host_name>:<port>, ...	One or more host and port pairs of ZooKeeper servers forming a ZooKeeper ensemble. Used when <code>hive.metastore.service.discovery.mode</code> is set to "zookeeper". The configuration is not used by server otherwise. If all the servers are using the same port you may specify the port using <code>hive.metastore.zookeeper.client.port</code> instead of specifying it with every server separately. Both the client and server should have same value for this parameter.

hive.metastore.zookeeper.client.port	<port>	Port number when same port number is used by all the ZooKeeper servers in the ensemble. Both the client and server should have same value for this parameter.
hive.metastore.zookeeper.namespace	<namespace>	The parent node under which all ZooKeeper nodes for metastores are created.
hive.metastore.zookeeper.session.timeout	<time in milliseconds>	ZooKeeper client's session timeout (in milliseconds). The client is disconnected if a heartbeat is not sent in the timeout.
hive.metastore.zookeeper.connection.timeout	<time in seconds>	ZooKeeper client's connection timeout in seconds. Connection timeout * hive.metastore.zookeeper.connection.max.retries with exponential backoff is when curator client deems connection is lost to zookeeper.
hive.metastore.zookeeper.connection.max.retries	<number>	Max number of times to retry when connecting to the ZooKeeper server.
hive.metastore.zookeeper.connection.basesleepetime	<time in milliseconds>	Initial amount of time (in milliseconds) to wait between retries when connecting to the ZooKeeper server when using ExponentialBackoffRetry policy.

If you are using MySQL as the datastore for metadata, put MySQL jdbc libraries in HIVE\_HOME/lib before starting Hive Client or HiveMetastore Server.

To change the metastore port, use this `hive` command:

```
hive --service metastore -p <port_num>
```

## Supported Backend Databases for Metastore

Database	Minimum Supported Version	Name for Parameter Values	See Also
MySQL	5.6.17	mysql	
Postgres	9.1.13	postgres	
Oracle	11g	oracle	<a href="#">hive.metastore.orm.retrieveMapNullsAsEmptyStrings</a>
MS SQL Server	2008 R2	mssql	

## Metastore Schema Consistency and Upgrades



### Version

Introduced in Hive 0.12.0. See [HIVE-3764](#).

Hive now records the schema version in the metastore database and verifies that the metastore schema version is compatible with Hive binaries that are going to accesss the metastore. Note that the Hive properties to implicitly create or alter the existing schema are disabled by default. Hive will not attempt to change the metastore schema implicitly. When you execute a Hive query against an old schema, it will fail to access the metastore.

To suppress the schema check and allow the metastore to implicitly modify the schema, you need to set a configuration property `hive.metastore.schema.verification` to `false` in `hive-site.xml`.

Starting in release 0.12, Hive also includes an off-line schema tool to initialize and upgrade the metastore schema. Please refer to the details [here](#).