

YUI Plugin

Name	YUI Plugin
Publisher	 Broken link
License	Open Source (ASL2)
Version	0.1-ALPHA-7
Compatibility	Struts 2.1.6+
Homepage	http://code.google.com/p/struts2yuiplugin/
Download	http://code.google.com/p/struts2yuiplugin/downloads/list

{rate:title=Rating|theme=dynamic}

Overview

YUI plugin INLINE

provides tags based on the Yahoo! User Interface Library (YUI)

Get Started With Five Easy Steps

1 Step One

[Download](#) the latest version of the YUI plugin and place the jar file in the WEB-INF/lib directory of your web application.

2 Step Two

Add the following taglib directive to your JSP pages:

```
HTML <%@ taglib prefix="yui" uri="/struts-yui-tags" %>
```

3 Step Three

Add class="yui-skin-sam" to the <body> tag of your JSP pages:

```
html <body class="yui-skin-sam">
```

Alternatively, you can wrap each YUI widget you use with a <div> tag that specifies the CSS class. For example:

```
html <div class="yui-skin-sam"> <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'2006-10-20'}" /> </div>
```

4 Step Four

Add the <yui:head> element in the <head> section of your JSP pages. You must add the <yui:head> element for each widget that you want to use on the page. For example, if you want to use the datepicker, your head section should look something like this:

```
html <head> <title>YUI Date Picker Example</title> <yui:head datepicker="true" /> </head>
```

If you want to use both the datepicker and the autocomplete in a page, the head section of that page would look like this:

```
html <head> <title>YUI Date Picker Example</title> <yui:head datepicker="true" tabview="true" /> </head>
```

5 Step Five

Finally, add the appropriate YUI tag for the widget within your JSP page. For example:

```
html <body class="yui-skin-sam"> ... <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'2006-10-20'}" /> ... </body>
```

Tags

head

This tag includes required javascript and css files. For each tag there will be an attribute on the head tag, which needs to be set to true, in order to use that tag. This will make sure that only required files are included on the page. For example, to use the `datepicker` tag:

HTML `<head> ... <yui:head datepicker="true"/> ... </head> <body> ... <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{2006-10-20}" /> ... </body>`

Tag Attributes:

Attribute	Description	Required	Default Value
datepicker	Include <code>datepicker</code> tag required files	no	false
autocomplete	Include <code>autocomplete</code> tag required files	no	false
tabview	Include <code>tabview</code> tag required files	no	false
cssreset	Include YUI Reset CSS file	no	false
cssfonts	Include YUI Fonts CSS file	no	false
cssgrids	Include YUI Grids CSS file	no	false
cssbase	Include YUI Base CSS file	no	false
languages	Comma delimited list of language names to be loaded(supported languages are: 'de', 'it', 'es', 'fr')	no	Language of the request

datepicker

1%



99%

This tag is based on [YUI Calendar](#). It can be rendered in 3 different ways, which are controlled by the `mode` attribute:

- static : The datepicker is always visible on the page
- input : Default. An input is added to the page, with an image that shows and hides the datepicker.
- label : A label is added to the page that shows the current selected date, with an image that shows and hides the datepicker.

The `datepicker` tag adds a hidden field to the page which will be used by Struts. The value of this field is in RFC3339 format. Values entered on the visible input (when mode="input") are synchronized with the hidden field.

The initial value can be set from the stack, using the `value` attribute. This value can be of type `java.util.Date`(recommended), `java.util.Calendar`. If the value is a string, the following formats will be used while trying to parse it:

- RFC3339
- `SimpleDateFormat.getDateInstance(DateFormat.SHORT)`
- `SimpleDateFormat.getDateInstance(DateFormat.MEDIUM)`
- `SimpleDateFormat.getDateInstance(DateFormat.FULL)`
- `SimpleDateFormat.getDateInstance(DateFormat.LONG)`

Please note that this is the format of the string used in the `value` attribute, not the display format, which is always MM/dd/yyyy and can be customized using the `formatFunction` attribute.

Using a value from the stack:

`<yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="date"/>`

Using an string value:

```
<yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'2006-10-20'}"/>
```

Using 'today' constant:

```
<yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'today'}"/>
```

The current value is always displayed in the format MM/dd/yyyy (when mode is either 'label' or 'input'). To customize this behavior, a function name can be specified in the *formatFunction* attribute. The value returned from this function will be shown on the input or the label. **This value is not the one that is used by Struts**. When the page loads, if an initial value was set for the *datepicker* tag, the function will be called with that value as an **String parameter**. When the user selects a value (or types into the input) from the *datepicker* the function will be called with the selected date as a **Date parameter**.

The following example displays the selected value in the format yyyy.MM.dd:

```
HTML <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'2006-10-20'}" formatFunction="format"/> <script> function format(dt) { if(YAHOO.lang.isString(dt)) { var parts = dt.split("-"); var month = parts[0]; var day = parts[1]; var year = parts[2]; return year + "." + month + "." + day; } else { var month = dt.getMonth(); var day = dt.getDate(); var year = dt.getFullYear(); return year + "." + month + "." + day; } } </script>
```

By default the language defined in the request will be used on the *datepicker*. Supported languages are 'en'(default), 'de', 'es', 'it', 'fr'. Use the *language* attribute to specify a different(from the request) language.

Example using Italian:

```
HTML <yui:head datepicker="true" languages="it" /> <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" language="it"/>
```

YUI's calendar supports internationalization. To use a locale that is not supported(please consider contributing the resource names for inclusion in the plugin) see [YUI's documentation](#).

Example using i18n on German:

```
HTML <yui:datepicker id="datepicker" name="datepicker" value="%{'2006-10-20'}" /> <script> YAHOO.util.Event.addListener(window, "load", function() { YAHOO.datepickers.datepicker.cfg.setProperty("MONTHS_SHORT", ["Jan", "Feb", "Mu00E4r", "Apr", "Mai", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug", "Sep", "Okt", "Nov", "Dez"]); YAHOO.datepickers.datepicker.cfg.setProperty("MONTHS_LONG", ["Januar", "Februar", "Mu00E4rz", "April", "Mai", "Juni", "Juli", "August", "September", "Oktober", "November", "Dezember"]); YAHOO.datepickers.datepicker.cfg.setProperty("WEEKDAYS_1CHAR", ["S", "M", "D", "M", "D", "F", "S"]); YAHOO.datepickers.datepicker.cfg.setProperty("WEEKDAYS_MEDIUM", ["Son", "Mon", "Die", "Mit", "Don", "Fre", "Sam"]); YAHOO.datepickers.datepicker.cfg.setProperty("WEEKDAYS_LONG", ["Sonntag", "Montag", "Dienstag", "Mittwoch", "Donnerstag", "Freitag", "Samstag"]); }); </script>
```

As you might have noted on the example above, for each calendar an object is created on the global scope with the name *YAHOO.datepicker.id* where "id" is the id of the date picker.

For each calendar an object is created on the global scope with the name *YAHOO.datepicker.id* where "id" is the id of the date picker. For the date picker: <yui:datepicker id="dp" name="dp" value="%{'today'}"/>

The object *YAHOO.datepickers.dp* will be created on the global scope.

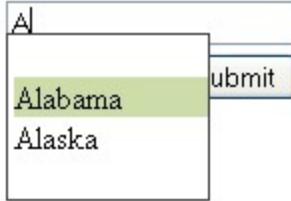
Attribute	Description	Required	Default Value
id	is used in the JavaScript object name that will be created for each <i>datepicker</i>	yes	none
name	name that will be used on the hidden field containing the date value in RFC3339, used by Struts	yes	none
value	Initial value. Read from the Value Stack, use %{'2007-10-09'} format for string literals	no	none
formatFunction	Function called on page loads(value is passed as an String parameter), and when user changes the selected value(value is passed as a Date object). The returned value will be used on the input or label	no	none
autoClose	Close <i>datepicker</i> when a date is selected	no	true
startDate	First enabled date on calendar	no	none
endDate	Last enabled date on calendar	no	none
cssClass	css class applied to the input or label	no	none
cssStyle	css style applied to the input or label	no	none
language	Name of language to be used (two lowercase characters), supported languages are 'de', 'es', 'fr', 'it'. If the language is not the one defined on the request, it needs to be specified on head also	no	'en'

Using 'input' mode

When using the 'input' mode, the value entered on the input is assumed to be on the format MM/dd/yyyy, if it isn't on that format, the value won't be parsed and will be copied verbatim to the hidden field, which Struts won't probably be able to parse. Tip: Use String fields on your action when using 'input' mode, and define your own converter.

autocomplete

The *autocomplete* tag creates the [YUI AutoComplete](#) control which provides the front-end logic for text-entry suggestion and completion functionality. See the [Yahoo! UI Design Pattern Library](#) description for *AutoComplete* to get a fuller sense of the underlying design patterns in the AutoComplete family.



The autocompleter loads a list of options from a url that returns a JSON string in the following form:

```
javascript { "results": [ { "key":"AL", "value":"Alabama" }, { "key":"AK", "value":"Alaska" } ] }
```

The [JSON Plugin](#) can be used to generate this JSON string. The following example shows how:

The Action

```
java package org.apache.struts2.showcase.ajax; import com.googlecode.struts2yuiplugin.json.  
AutocompleterResult; import com.opensymphony.xwork2.Action; import com.opensymphony.xwork2.  
ActionSupport; public class AjaxTestAction extends ActionSupport { private String state; private String stateKey;  
private String query; public String execute() { //state an stateKey will have the selected values return Action.SUCCESS; } public String loadOptions() {  
return Action.SUCCESS; } public AutocompleterResult getOptions() { AutocompleterResult result = new AutocompleterResult(); if (query.equals("A")) {  
result.add("AL", "Alabama"); result.add("AK", "Alaska"); } return result; } public void setState(String state) { this.state = state; } public void setStateKey(  
String stateKey) { this.stateKey = stateKey; } public void setQuery(String query) { this.query = query; } }
```

The mapping:

```
XML <package name="yui" namespace="/nodecorate" extends="json-default"> <action name="AjaxTest" class="org.apache.struts2.showcase.ajax.  
AjaxTestAction"> <result type="json"> <param name="root">options</param> </result> </action> </package>
```

- When generating the JSON result make sure that the result is not decorated (by Sitemesh, Tiles, etc)
- When extending "json-default" as shown on the package definition in the mapping example above, the [JSON plugin](#) is required.

The JSP:

```
html <%@ taglib prefix="yui" uri="/struts-yui-tags" %> <%@ taglib prefix="s" uri="/struts-tags" %> <html> <head> <yui:head autocompleter="true" /> </head> <body> <s:url id="statesUrl" namespace="/nodecorate" action="AjaxTest" includeParams='none'/> <s:form namespace="/nodecorate" action="  
AjaxTest.action"> <yui:autocompleter id="state" name="state" href="#{statesUrl}" containerCssStyle="width:100px" /> <s:submit /> </s:form> </body></html>
```

Attribute	Description	Required	Default Value
id	is used in the JavaScript object name that will be created for each <i>autocompleter</i>	yes	none
name	name of the input	yes	none
cssClass	css class applied to the input	no	none
cssStyle	css style applied to the input	no	none
containerCssClas s	css class applied to the input	no	ysearchcontaine r")
containerCssStyl e	css style applied to the input	no	none
href	URL used to load the options. Accepts a literal value, for a value from the Value Stack use the _%{#url}_ notation	no	none
keyName	Name of the key field	no	\$(name)Key
dataFieldName	Full path of the field that has th array with the options in the JSON returned from the request, like <i>field1.field2</i>	no	results
resultsLimit	Limit how many results are shown as autocompletion options	none	10
loadMinimumCou nt	Minimum number of characters that will force the options to be loaded	none	1
delay	Delay(in seconds) before making query to load options	none	0.5
autoHighlight	Autohighlight first element on the list	none	true
useShadow	The dropdown will have a shadow, the CSS class for the shadow is 'yui-ac-shadow'	no	false
forceValidOption	Force selection to be one of the options	none	false
autocomplete	Warning: This behavior seems to have a few bugs on YUI's implementation. Will make suggestions on the input based on the text entered by user	none	false

tabview and tab

The tabview and tab tags are used together to create a TabView widget.

Currently, only very basic TabView support is implemented.

JSP Example

```
html <yui:tabview id="myTabView"> <yui:tab id="tab0" label="Tab 0"> <p>This is Tab 0 content</p> </yui:tab> <yui:tab id="tab1" label="Tab 1"> <p>This  
is Tab 1 content</p> </yui:tab> <yui:tab id="tab2" label="Tab 2"> <p>This is Tab 2 content</p> </yui:tab> </yui:tabview>
```

Installation

This plugin can be installed by copying the plugin jar into your application's /WEB-INF/lib directory. No other files need to be copied or created.

Tab 0

Tab 1

Tab 2

Version History

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Version	Date	Author	Notes
0.1-ALPHA-4	Jun 22, 2007	 Broken link	Add autocomplete tag
0.1-ALPHA-3	Jun 20, 2007	 Broken link	Add support for i18n, 'de', 'es', 'fr', 'it'. Fix RFC bug
0.1-ALPHA	Jun 19, 2007	 Broken link	Initial release