HTTP4

HTTP4 Component

Available as of Camel 2.3

The came1-http4 component provides HTTP based endpoints for calling external HTTP resources (as a client to call external servers using HTTP).

Maven users will need to add the following dependency to their pom.xml for this component:

```
<dependency>

<groupId>org.apache.camel</groupId>

<artifactId>camel-http4</artifactId>

<version>x.x.x</version>

<!-- use the same version as your Camel core version -->

</dependency>
```

camel-http4 vs camel-http

camel-http4 uses Apache HttpClient 4.x while camel-http uses Apache HttpClient 3.x.

URI Format

(i)

http4:hostname[:port][/resourceUri][?options]

Default Ports

- 80 for HTTP
- 443 for HTTPS.

Specifying Options

Options should be passed on the URI's query string using the following format: ?option=value&option=value&...

camel-http4 vs camel-jetty

You can only produce to endpoints generated by the camel-http4 component. Therefore it should never be used as input into your Camel Routes. To bind/expose an HTTP endpoint via a HTTP server as input to a Camel route, use the Jetty Component instead.

HttpComponent Options

Name	Default Value	Description
maxTotal Connecti ons	200	The maximum number of connections.
connecti onsPerRo ute	20	The maximum number of connections per route.
cookieSt ore	null	Camel 2.11.2/2.12.0: To use a custom org.apache.http.client.CookieStore. By default the org.apache. http.impl.client.BasicCookieStore is used which is an in-memory only cookie store. Note: if bridgeEndpoint=true then the cookie store is forced to be a NOOP cookie store as cookies shouldn't be stored as we are just bridging e.g., acting as a proxy.
httpClie ntConfig urer	null	Reference to a org.apache.camel.component.http.HttpClientConfigurer in the Registry.

clientCo nnection Manager	null	To use a custom org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager.
httpBind ing	null	To use a custom org.apache.camel.component.http.HttpBinding.
httpCont ext	null	Camel 2.9.2: To use a custom org.apache.http.protocol.HttpContext when executing requests.
sslConte xtParame ters	null	Camel 2.8: To use a custom org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpCompon ent. If two or more instances are needed, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance. See below for more details.
x509Host nameVeri fier	BrowserCom patHostnam eVerifier	Camel 2.7 : You can refer to a different org.apache.http.conn.ssl.X509HostnameVerifier instance in the Regis try such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.StrictHostnameVerifier Of org.apache.http.conn.ssl.AllowAllHostnameVerifier.
connecti onTimeTo Live	-1	Camel 2.11.0: The time for connection to live, the time unit is millisecond, the default value is always keep alive.
allowJav aSeriali zedObject	false	Camel 2.16.1/2.15.5: Whether to allow java serialization when a request uses context-type=application/x-java-serialized-object. This is by default turned off. If you enable this then be aware that Java will deserialize the incoming data from the request to Java and that can be a potential security risk.

HttpEndpoint Options

Name	Default Value	Description
throwE xcepti onOnFa ilure	true	Option to disable throwing the HttpOperationFailedException in case of failed responses from the remote server. This allows you to get all responses regardless of the HTTP status code.
bridge Endpoi nt	false	If true, HttpProducer will ignore the Exchange.HTTP_URI header, and use the endpoint's URI for request. If throwExcpetionOnFailure=false the HttpProducer will return all fault responses to the caller.
		Also, if true then HttpProducer and CamelServlet will skip the gzip processing if the content-encoding is gzip.
clearE xpired Cookies	true	Camel 2.11.2/2.12.0: Whether to clear expired cookies before sending the HTTP request. This ensures the cookies store does not keep growing by adding new cookies which is newer removed when they are expired.
cookie Store	null	Camel 2.11.2/2.12.0: To use a custom org.apache.http.client.CookieStore. By default the org.apache.http. impl.client.BasicCookieStore is used which is an in-memory only cookie store.
		Note : if bridgeEndpoint=true then the cookie store is forced to be a NOOP cookie store as cookies shouldn't be stored as we are just bridging e.g., acting as a proxy.
disabl eStrea mCache	false	DefaultHttpBinding will copy the request input stream into a stream cache and put it into the message body if this option is false to support multiple reads, otherwise DefaultHttpBinding will set the request input stream directly in the message body.
		From Camel 2.17: this option is also supported by the producer to allow the use of a response stream directly instead of stream caching as by default.
header Filter Strate GY	null	Camel 2.10.4: Reference to a instance of org.apache.camel.spi.HeaderFilterStrategy in the Registry. It will be used to apply the custom headerFilterStrategy on the new create HttpEndpoint.
httpBi ndingR ef	null	Deprecated and will be removed in Camel 3.0: Reference to a org.apache.camel.component.http.HttpBinding in the Registry. Use the httpBinding option instead.
httpBi nding	null	To use a custom org.apache.camel.component.http.HttpBinding.

httpCl ientCo	null	Depresated and removed in Camel 2.17: Reference to a org.apache.camel.component.http. HttpClientConfigurer in the Registry. Use the httpClientConfigurer option instead.
nfigur erRef		
httpCl ientCo nfigur er	null	Reference to a org.apache.camel.component.http.HttpClientConfigurer in the Registry.
httpCo ntextR ef	null	Depresated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.9.2: Reference to a custom org.apache.http.protocol. HttpContext in the Registry. Use the httpContext option instead.
httpCo ntext	null	Camel 2.9.2: To use a custom org.apache.http.protocol.HttpContext when executing requests.
httpCl ient. XXX	null	Setting options on the BasicHttpParams. For instance httpClient.soTimeout=5000 will set the so_TIMEOUT to 5 seconds. Look on the setter methods of the following parameter beans for a complete reference: AuthParamBean, ClientParamBean, Con nConnectionParamBean, ConnRouteParamBean, CookieSpecParamBean, HttpConnectionParamBean and HttpProtocolParam Bean
		From Camel 2.13.0 : httpClient is changed to configure the HttpClientBuilder and RequestConfig.Builder, please check out API document for a complete reference. e.g., since this version use httpClient.socketTimeout=5000 for setting the socket timeout to 5 seconds.
client Connec tionMa nager	null	To use a custom org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager.
transf erExce ption	false	If true and an Exchange failed processing on the consumer side, and if the caused Exception was send back serialized in the response as a application/x-java-serialized-object content type (for example using Jetty or SERVLET Camel components).
		On the producer side the exception will be deserialized and thrown as is, instead of the HttpOperationFailedException. The caused exception is required to be serialized.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef	null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters is supported por HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent por instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration- Utility. Use the selContextParameters option instead.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon	null null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters is supported por HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent por instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Use the selContextParameters option instead. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters in the Registry.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs	null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters is supported por HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent por instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Use the selContextParameters option instead. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters in the Registry. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs	null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SGLCentextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SGLCentextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent per instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Use the sslCentextParameters option instead. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLCentextParameters in the Registry. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLCentextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance. See below for more details.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs	null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELCentextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELCentextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent per instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Use the selCentextParameters option instead. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters in the Registry. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs x509Ho stname Verifi er	null null Browser CompatH ostname Verifier	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse. SELContextParameters in the Registry. Outliny. Use the selContextParameters option instance. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters in the Registry. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance. See below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Camel 2.7: You can refer to a different org.apache.http.conn.ssl.X509HostnameVerifier instance in the Registry such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.StrictHostnameVerifier Of org.apache.http.conn.ssl.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs x509Ho stname Verifi er urlRew rite	null Browser CompatH ostname Verifier null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jssc. COLCentextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jssc. COLCentextParameters is supported per HitpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HitpComponent per instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration-Utility. Use the sslCentextParameters option instance. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLCentextParameters is supported per HitpComponent. If more instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLCentextParameters is supported per HitpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HitpComponent should be created per instance. See below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Camel 2.7: You can refer to a different org.apache.http.conn.ssl.X509HostnameVerifier instance in the Registry such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.strictHostnameVerifier Of org.apache.http.conn.ssl. AllowAllHostnameVerifier. Camel 2.11: Producer only Refers to a custom org.apache.camel.component.http4.UrlRewrite which allows you to rewrite URLs when you bridge/proxy endpoints.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs x509Ho stname Verifi er urlRew rite	null null Browser CompatH ostname Verifier null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. Object the second state of the removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse. Object the second state of the removed in the Registry. Object the second state of the removed in the removed state of the second sta
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs x509Ho stname Verifi er urlRew rite maxTot alConn ections	null null null null null	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jssc. OBLContextParameters in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jssc. OBLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent per instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JESE Configuration. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If you need to use 2 or more different instances, you need to define a new HttpComponent per instance you need. See further below for more details. See Using the JESE Configuration. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If more instances are required, a new HttpComponent should be created per instance. See below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Camel 2.7: You can refer to a different org.apache.http.conn.ssl.X509HostnameVerifier instance in the Registry such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.strictHostnameVerifier or org.apache.http.conn.ssl. AllowAllHostnameVerifier. Camel 2.11: Producer only Refers to a custom org.apache.camel.component.http4.UrlRewrite which allows you to rewrite URLs when you bridge/proxy endpoints. For more details see UrlRewrite and How to use Camel as a HTTP proxy between a client and server. Camel 2.14: The maximum number of total connections that the connection manager has. If this option is not set, camel will use the component's setting instead.
sslCon textPa ramete rsRef sslCon textPa ramete rs x509Ho stname Verifi er urlRew rite maxTot alConn ectionsP erRoute	<pre>null null Browser CompatH ostname Verifier null null null</pre>	Deprecated and removed in Camel 2.17: Camel 2.8: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jssc. Different removes in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jssc. Different removes in the Registry. Important: Only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jssc. Different removes in the Registry. Different removes in the Registry. Camel 2.11.1: Reference to a org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters in the Registry. Note: only one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters is supported per HttpComponent. If you noed to use 2 or more different instances, you need to use 2 or more different instances. See below for more details. See below for more details. See Using the JSSE Configuration Utility. Camel 2.7: You can refer to a different org.apache.http.conn.ssl.x509HostnameVerifier instance in the Registry such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.x509HostnameVerifier instance in the Registry such as org.apache.http.conn.ssl.camel.camel.component.http4.UrlRewrite which allows you to rewrite URLs when you bridge/proxy endpoints. For more details see UrlRewrite and How to use Camel as a HTTP proxy between a client and server. Camel 2.14: The maximum number of total connections that the connection manager has. If this option is not set, camel will use the component's setting instead.

eagerC heckCo ntentA vailab le	false	Camel 2.16: Consumer only Whether to eager check whether the HTTP requests has content if the content-length header is 0 or not present. This can be turned on in case HTTP clients do not send streamed data.
copyHe aders	true	Camel 2.16: If this option is true then IN exchange headers will be copied to OUT exchange headers according to copy strategy. Setting this to false , allows to only include the headers from the HTTP response (not propagating IN headers).
okStat usCode Range	200-299	Camel 2.16: The status codes which is considered a success response. The values are inclusive. The range must be defined as from-to with the dash included.
ignore Respon seBody	false	Camel 2.16: If this option is true, The HTTP producer won't read response body and cache the input stream.
useSys temPro perties	false	Camel 2.18: If this option is true, The HTTP client will use System Properties to set some parameters of his configuration
mapHtt pMessa geBody	true	Camel 2.18: If this option is true then IN exchange Body will be mapped to HTTP body. Setting this to false will avoid the HTTP mapping.
mapHtt pMessa geHead ers	true	Camel 2.18: If this option is true then IN exchange Headers will be mapped to HTTP headers. Setting this to false will avoid the HTTP Headers mapping.
mapHtt pMessa geForm UrlEnc odedBo dy	true	Camel 2.18: If this option is true then IN exchange Form Encoded body of the exchange will be mapped to HTTP. Setting this to false will avoid the HTTP Form Encoded body mapping.
connec tionCl ose	false	Camel 2.18: If this option is true, the producer will add a Connection Close header to HTTP Request
cookie Handler	null	Camel 2.19: Configure a cookie handler to maintain a HTTP session

Setting Basic Authentication and Proxy

The following authentication options can also be set on the HttpEndpoint:

Before Camel 2.8.0:

Name	Default Value	Description
domain	null	The domain name for authentication.
host	null	The host name authentication.
password	null	Password for authentication.
username	null	Username for authentication.
proxyHost	null	The proxy host name
proxyPort	null	The proxy port number
proxyUsername	null	Username for proxy authentication
proxyPassword	null	Password for proxy authentication
proxyDomain	null	The proxy domain name
proxyNtHost	null	The proxy Nt host name

From Camel 2.8.0:

Name	Default Value	Description
authDomain	null	The domain name for authentication

authHost	null	The host name authentication
authPassword	null	Password for authentication
authUsername	null	Username for authentication
proxyAuthHost	null	The proxy host name
proxyAuthPort	null	The proxy port number
proxyAuthScheme	null	The proxy scheme, will fallback and use the scheme from the endpoint if not configured.
proxyAuthUsername	null	Username for proxy authentication
proxyAuthPassword	null	Password for proxy authentication
proxyAuthDomain	null	The proxy domain name
proxyAuthNtHost	null	The proxy Nt host name

Message Headers

Name	Туре	Description
Exchange. CONTENT_ENCOD ING	String	The HTTP content encoding. Is set on both the IN and OUT message to provide a content encoding, such as gzip.
Exchange. CONTENT_TYPE	String	The HTTP content type. Is set on both the IN and OUT message to provide a content type, such as text/html.
Exchange. HTTP_CHARACTE R_ENCODING	String	Character encoding.
Exchange. HTTP_PATH	String	Request URI's path. The header will be used to build the request URI with the HTTP_URI.
Exchange. HTTP_QUERY	String	URI parameters. Will override existing URI parameters set directly on the endpoint.
Exchange. HTTP_RESPONSE _CODE	int	The HTTP response code from the external server. Is 200 for ox.
Exchange. HTTP_RESPONSE _TEXT	String	The HTTP response text from the external server.
Exchange. HTTP_URI	String	The URI to call. The value of this option will override the existing URI that's set directly on the endpoint. It's not the same as the Camel endpoint URI, where you can configure endpoint options such as security etc. This header does not support that, it's only the URI of the HTTP server.

Before setting the above, you may wish to read How to avoid sending some or all message headers to prevent inadvertent data "leaks" from your application.

Message Body

Camel will store the HTTP response from the external server on the **OUT** body. All headers from the **IN** message will be copied to the **OUT** message, so headers are preserved during routing. Additionally Camel will add the HTTP response headers as well to the **OUT** message headers.

Using System Properties

(i)

When useSystemProperties=true the came1-http4 client can make use the following system properties:

- java.home
- javax.net.ssl.trustStoreType
- javax.net.ssl.trustStore
- javax.net.ssl.trustStoreProvider
- javax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword
- javax.net.ssl.keyStore
- javax.net.ssl.keyStoreProvider
- javax.net.ssl.keyStorePassword
- javax.net.ssl.keyStoreType
- http.proxyHost
- http.proxyPort
- http.nonProxyHosts
- http.keepAlive
- http.maxConnections
- ssl.KeyManagerFactory.algorithm
- ssl.TrustManagerFactory.algorithm

Response Code

Camel will handle according to the HTTP response code:

- Response code is in the range 100..299, Camel regards it as a success response.
- Response code is in the range 300..399, Camel regards it as a redirection response and will throw a HttpOperationFailedException with the information.
- Response code is 400+, Camel regards it as an external server failure and will throw a HttpOperationFailedException with the information.

throwExceptionOnFailure

If throwExceptionOnFailure=false the HttpOperationFailedException will not be thrown for failed response codes. This allows you to get any response from the remote server. There is a sample below demonstrating this.

HttpOperationFailedException

This exception contains the following information:

- The HTTP status code.
- The HTTP status line (text of the status code).
- Redirect location, if server returned a redirect.
- Response body as a java.lang.String, if server provided a body as response.

Calling using GET or POST

The following algorithm is used to determine whether the GET or POST HTTP method should be used:

- 1. Use the method provided in the header.
- 2. GET if query string is provided in the header.
- 3. GET if endpoint is configured with a query string.
- 4. POST if there is data to send (body is not null).
- 5. GET otherwise.

How to Access The HttpServletRequest and HttpServletResponse

You can get access to these two using the Camel type converter system using

Note: you can get the request and response not just from the processor after the camel-jetty or camel-cxf endpoint.

```
HttpServletRequest request = exchange.getIn().getBody(HttpServletRequest.class);
HttpServletRequest response = exchange.getIn().getBody(HttpServletResponse.class);
```

Configuring URI to Call

You can set the HTTP producer's URI directly form the endpoint URI. In the route below, Camel will call out to the external server, oldhost, using HTTP.

Java DSL:

```
from("direct:start")
   .to("http4://oldhost");
```

Spring DSL:

```
<camelContext xmlns="http://activemg.apache.org/camel/schema/spring">
    <route>
    <from uri="direct:start"/>
    <to uri="http4://oldhost"/>
    </route>
</camelContext>
```

You can override the HTTP endpoint URI by adding a header with the key, Exchange.HTTP_URI, on the message:

```
from("direct:start")
   .setHeader(Exchange.HTTP_URI, constant("http://newhost"))
   .to("http4://oldhost");
```

In the sample above Camel will call the http://newhost despite the endpoint is configured with http4://oldhost. If the camel-http4 endpoint is working in bridge mode, it will ignore the header Exchange.HTTP_URI.

Configuring URI Parameters

The came1-http4 producer supports URI parameters to be sent to the HTTP server. The URI parameters can either be set directly on the endpoint URI or as a header with the key Exchange.HTTP_QUERY on the message:

```
from("direct:start")
   .to("http4://oldhost?order=123&detail=short");
```

Or provided via a header:

```
from("direct:start")
  .setHeader(Exchange.HTTP_QUERY, constant("order=123&detail=short"))
  .to("http4://oldhost");
```

How To Set The HTTP Method (GET / PATCH / POST / PUT / DELETE / HEAD / OPTIONS / TRACE) on the HTTP Producer

(i) Using the http PATCH method

The HTTP PATCH method is supported starting with Camel 2.11.3 / 2.12.1.

The camel-http4 specifies the particular HTTP request method via a header:

Example:

```
from("direct:start")
   .setHeader(Exchange.HTTP_METHOD, constant(org.apache.camel.component.http4.HttpMethods.POST))
   .to("http4://www.google.com")
   .to("mock:results");
```

The method can be written a bit shorter using the string constants:

```
.setHeader("CamelHttpMethod", constant("POST"))
```

Spring DSL:

```
<camelContext xmlns="http://activemq.apache.org/camel/schema/spring">
<route>
<from uri="direct:start"/>
<setHeader headerName="CamelHttpMethod">
<constant>POST</constant>
</setHeader>
<to uri="http4://www.google.com"/>
<to uri="mock:results"/>
</route>
</camelContext>
```

Using Client Timeout - SO_TIMEOUT

See the HttpSOTimeoutTest unit test. From Camel 2.13.0: See the updated HttpSOTimeoutTest unit test.

Configuring a Proxy

The camel-http4 component provides a way to configure a proxy.

```
from("direct:start")
    .to("http4://oldhost?proxyAuthHost=www.myproxy.com&proxyAuthPort=80");
```

There is also support for proxy authentication via the proxyAuthUsername and proxyAuthPassword options.

Using Proxy Settings Outside of the URI

To avoid System properties conflicts, you can set proxy configuration only from the CamelContext or URI.

Java DSL:

```
context.getProperties().put("http.proxyHost", "172.168.18.9");
context.getProperties().put("http.proxyPort" "8080");
```

Spring DSL:

Camel will first set the settings from Java System or CamelContext Properties and then the endpoint proxy options if provided. So you can override the system properties with the endpoint options.

(i) Note: in Camel 2.8 there is also a http.proxyScheme property you can set to explicit configure the scheme to use.

Configuring charset

If you are using **POST** to send data you can configure the **charset** using the **Exchange** property:

```
exchange.setProperty(Exchange.CHARSET_NAME, "ISO-8859-1");
```

Example: Using a Scheduled Poll

This sample polls the Google homepage every 10 seconds and write the page to the file message.html:

```
from("timer://foo?fixedRate=true&delay=0&period=10000")
   .to("http4://www.google.com")
   .setHeader(FileComponent.HEADER_FILE_NAME, "message.html")
   .to("file:target/google");
```

URI Parameters From the Endpoint URI

In this sample we have the complete URI endpoint that is just what you would have typed in a web browser. Multiple URI parameters can of course be set using the & character as separator, just as you would in the web browser. Camel does no tricks here.

```
// we query for Camel at the Google page
template.sendBody("http4://www.google.com/search?q=Camel", null);
```

URI Parameters From the Message

```
Map headers = new HashMap();
headers.put(Exchange.HTTP_QUERY, "q=Camel&lr=lang_en");
// we query for Camel and English language at Google
template.sendBody("http4://www.google.com/search", null, headers);
```

In the header value above notice that it should not be prefixed with ? and you can separate parameters as usual with the & char.

Getting the Response Code

You can get the HTTP response code from the camel-http4 component by getting the value from the OUT message header with Exchange. HTTP_RESPONSE_CODE.

```
Exchange exchange = template.send("http4://www.google.com/search", new Processor() {
   public void process(Exchange exchange) throws Exception {
     exchange.getIn().setHeader(Exchange.HTTP_QUERY, constant("hl=en&q=activemq"));
   }
});
Message out = exchange.getOut();
int responseCode = out.getHeader(Exchange.HTTP_RESPONSE_CODE, Integer.class);
```

Disabling Cookies

To disable cookies you can set the HTTP Client to ignore cookies by adding this URI option: httpClient.cookiePolicy=ignoreCookies

Advanced Usage

If you need more control over the HTTP producer you should use the HttpComponent where you can set various classes to give you custom behavior.

Setting up SSL for HTTP Client

Using the JSSE Configuration Utility

From **Camel 2.8**: the **camel-http**4 component supports SSL/TLS configuration through the **Camel JSSE Configuration Utility**. This utility greatly decreases the amount of component specific code you need to write and is configurable at the endpoint and component levels. The following examples demonstrate how to use the utility with the **camel-http**4 component.

Programmatic Configuration of the Component

```
KeyStoreParameters ksp = new KeyStoreParameters();
ksp.setResource("/users/home/server/keystore.jks");
ksp.setPassword("keystorePassword");
KeyManagersParameters kmp = new KeyManagersParameters();
kmp.setKeyStore(ksp);
kmp.setKeyPassword("keyPassword");
SSLContextParameters scp = new SSLContextParameters();
scp.setKeyManagers(kmp);
HttpComponent httpComponent = getContext().getComponent("https4", HttpComponent.class);
httpComponent.setSslContextParameters(scp);
```

Spring DSL Based Configuration of Endpoint

Configuring Apache HTTP Client Directly

Basically camel-http4 component is built on the top of Apache HttpClient. Please refer to SSL/TLS customization for details or have a look into the org. apache.camel.component.http4.HttpServerTestSupport unit test base class. You can also implement a custom org.apache.camel.component.http4.HttpClientConfigurer to do some configuration on the http client if you need full control of it.

However if you just want to specify the keystore and truststore you can do this with Apache HTTP HttpClientConfigurer, for example:

```
KeyStore keystore = ...;
KeyStore truststore = ...;
SchemeRegistry registry = new SchemeRegistry();
registry.register(new Scheme("https", 443, new SSLSocketFactory(keystore, "mypassword", truststore)));
```

And then you need to create a class that implements HttpClientConfigurer, and registers https protocol providing a keystore or truststore per example above. Then, from your camel route builder class you can hook it up like so:

```
HttpComponent httpComponent = getContext().getComponent("http4", HttpComponent.class);
httpComponent.setHttpClientConfigurer(new MyHttpClientConfigurer());
```

If you are doing this using the Spring DSL, you can specify your HttpClientConfigurer using the URI.

Example:

```
<bean id="myHttpClientConfigurer"
class="my.https.HttpClientConfigurer">
</bean>
```

<to uri="https4://myhostname.com:443/myURL?httpClientConfigurer=myHttpClientConfigurer"/>

As long as you implement the HttpClientConfigurer and configure your keystore and truststore as described above, it will work fine.

An end user reported that he had problem with authenticating with HTTPS. The problem was eventually resolved by providing a custom configured org. apache.http.protocol.HttpContext:

1. Create a (Spring) factory for HttpContext's:

```
public class HttpContextFactory {
    private String httpHost = "localhost";
    private String httpPort = 9001;
    private BasicHttpContext httpContext = new BasicAuthCoche();
    private BasicAuthCache authCoche = new BasicAuthCoche();
    private BasicScheme basicAuth = new BasicScheme();
    public HttpContext getObject() {
        authCoche.put(new HttpHost(httpHost, httpPort), basicAuth);
        httpContext.setAttribute(ClientContext.AUTH_CACHE, authCoche);
        return httpContext;
    }
    // getter and setter
}
```

2. Declare an HttpContext in the Spring application context file:

<bean id="myHttpContext" factory-bean="httpContextFactory" factory-method="getObject"/>

3. Reference the context in the http4 URL:

```
<to uri="https4://myhostname.com:443/myURL?httpContext=myHttpContext"/>
```

Using Different SSLContextParameters

The HTTP4 component only support one instance of org.apache.camel.util.jsse.SSLContextParameters per component. If you need to use two or more different instances, then you need to setup multiple HTTP4 components as shown below. Where we have two components, each using their own instance of sslContextParameters property.

```
<bean id="http4-foo" class="org.apache.camel.component.http4.HttpComponent">
    <property name="sslContextParameters" ref="sslContextParams1"/>
    <property name="x509HostnameVerifier" ref="hostnameVerifier"/>
</bean>
<bean id="http4-bar" class="org.apache.camel.component.http4.HttpComponent">
    cproperty name="sslContextParameters" ref="sslContextParams2"/>
    cproperty name="sslContextParameters" ref="sslContextParams2"/>
    cproperty name="sslContextParameters" ref="sslContextParams2"/>
    cproperty name="x509HostnameVerifier" ref="hostnameVerifier"/>
```