

Guice JMS Example

Guice JMS Example

Available as of Camel 1.5 onwards

The Guice JMS example is functionally similar to both the [first example](#) and the [Spring Example](#) but using [Guice](#) as the Dependency Injection framework.

In this example we just write RouteBuilder implementations, then we write a Guice module [MyModule](#) to create the CamelContext, bind any RouteBuilder instances and configure any components and endpoints, then we create a [guicejndi.properties](#) file to bootstrap Guice and Camel.

To run the example we currently use the maven exec plugin. For example from the source or binary distribution the following should work

```
cd examples/camel-example-guice-jms
mvn compile exec:java
```

What this does is boot up the Guice based JNDI provider from [guicejndi.properties](#) file on the classpath. This then bootstraps the Guice injector and loads whatever Guice modules are defined in the guicejndi.properties file - then injects the remaining properties in the file.

Configuring Components

If you see the `jms()` method of the Guice [MyModule](#) you will see it is annotated with `@Provides` to indicate to Guice that it is a provider and it is annotated with `@JndiBind("jms")` to bind it to the JNDI name `jms` when it is created.

This method then configures the component. The provider method is parameterized by the `@Named("activemq.brokerURL")` property which is injected from the [guicejndi.properties](#) file. This lets you define the properties which should be environment specific (such as URLs, machine names, usernames /passwords and so forth) while leaving all of the other configuration which does not change in different environments in Java code.

So you can use [Guice](#) to dependency inject whatever objects you need to create, be it an [Endpoint](#), [Component](#), [RouteBuilder](#) or arbitrary [bean used within a route](#). Then you can inject any properties from the jndi.properties file easily - so that most of your configuration is all in Java code which is typesafe and easily refactorable - then leaving some properties to be environment specific (the guicejndi.properties file) which you can then change based on development, testing, production etc.